

PROVINCIAL NOTICE NO. 955 OF 1975 (DATED: 29 AUGUST 1975)

The Administrator has under section 82 of the Nature and Environmental Conservation Ordinance, 1974 (Ordinance 19 of 1974), and with effect from 1 September 1975, made the following regulations.

NATURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION REGULATIONS

PART 1: DEFINITIONS AND FORMS

1. (1) In these regulations, unless inconsistent with the context—
 - “**cage**” means any place (including a pool of water), structure or other thing which has in any manner been closed or fenced in, whether it is—
 - (a) also closed or fenced in over the top or not, or
 - (b) movable or immovable;
 - “**control official**” means the official appointed as the control official in a nature reserve;
 - “**nature reserve**” means a provincial nature reserve;
 - “**official**” means an official appointed under section 6 (2) (b) of the Ordinance;
 - “**Ordinance**” means the Nature and Environmental Conservation Ordinance, 1974 (Ordinance 19 of 1974), and
 - “**vehicle**” means any self-propelled vehicle and includes any craft or aircraft and, for the purposes of regulations 9 and 10, any cycle.
- (2) Whenever any word or expression defined in the Ordinance is used in these regulations, it shall, unless inconsistent with the context, have the meaning assigned thereto in the Ordinance.
2. The forms set out in the Schedule to these regulations are hereby prescribed for the purposes of the respective sections of the Ordinance referred to in such forms.

PART II: NATURE RESERVES

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of subregulation (2) and regulations 5 (3), 8 and 10 (3), no person may enter a nature reserve—
 - (a) where entrance fees are levied in terms of regulations 6, unless he has paid such entrance fee and is the holder of a valid entrance ticket;
 - (b) elsewhere than at an entrance gate, and
 - (c) at any time other than the admission times determined and displayed in terms of regulation 4 (1);provided that paragraph (a) shall not apply to any person under the age of six years who is under the supervision and control of a person of at least sixteen years of age.

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(2) The Director may, for scientific or any other purposes which he may deem necessary or desirable, issue a permit to any person to enter or to enter and remain in a nature reserve or any portion thereof—

- (a) without an entrance ticket;
- (b) elsewhere than at an entrance gate;
- (c) at times other than the admission times and for a longer period than the maximum period of stay determined in terms of regulation 4 (1), and
- (d) while such nature reserve or such portion is closed.

4. (1) The admission times and the maximum period of stay in respect of a nature reserve shall be determined by the Director and shall be displayed by way of a notice posted on a notice board at every entrance gate to such nature reserve.

(2) Subject to the provisions of regulations 3 (2), 6 (3) and 8, no person may—
(Amended by PN 153/1984)

- (a) be in a nature reserve before the commencement or after the expiration of the admission times determined under subregulation (1), and
- (b) remain in a nature reserve for a period longer than the maximum period of stay so determined;

provided that the provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply in respect of a person who remains in a nature reserve in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b).

5. (1) The Director may, if he is of opinion that it is necessary or desirable for the conservation of nature or for the proper management and control of a nature reserve, temporarily close such nature reserve or any portion thereof.

(2) The Director shall, whenever he has closed a nature reserve or portion thereof in terms of subregulation (1), post a notice to that effect on a notice board at every entrance gate to such nature reserve or every road giving access to such portion of such nature reserve.

(3) Subject to the provisions of regulations 3 (2) and 8, no person may enter a nature reserve or portion of a nature reserve which has been closed in terms of subregulation (1).

6. (1) The Director may, in respect of any nature reserve, levy the entrance fees determined by the Administrator and entrance tickets to such nature reserve shall be sold at the entrance gates thereof on payment of such entrance fees.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the proviso to regulation 3 (1) and regulations 3 (2) (a) and 8, every person who enters a nature reserve in respect of which entrance fees are levied in terms of subregulation (1) shall pay such entrance fees.

(3) The validity of an entrance ticket contemplated by subregulation (1) shall extend for the period in respect of which entrance fees have been paid as well as for the period contemplated by the proviso to subregulation (4).

(4) The entrance fees contemplated by subregulation (1) shall be payable in respect of each day or portion thereof during which any vehicle, tent, occupant or person is

or remains in the nature reserve; provided that no fees shall be payable in respect of the day on which such nature reserve is left, if such nature reserve is left before 10h00 of such day and such day is not the day of arrival in such nature reserve.

- (4) No fees contemplated by subregulation (1) shall be repayable; provided that where the whole or any portion of the period in respect of which such fees have been paid has not been or cannot be utilised, the fees which have been paid in respect of each full day which has not been utilised may, with the approval of the Director, be repaid and for the purposes of this subregulation "full day" means a period of 24 hours commencing at 10h00 of any day. (Substituted by PN 153/1984).
7. (Deleted by PN 153/1984).
8. The provisions of regulations 3 (1), 4 (2), 5 (3), 6 (2), and 9 shall not apply in respect of an official who lives in a nature reserve, any relation of such official who lives with or visits him at his home or any person who, at the request of such official, visits him in the nature reserve; provided that the Director may from time to time determine the maximum number of visits per year in respect of which such regulations shall not apply. (Amended by PN 153/1984).
9. (1) The Director shall determine the maximum number of vehicles or persons which or who may be admitted to any nature reserve.
(2) Notwithstanding any provision in these regulations to the contrary but subject to the provisions of regulations 3 (2), 8 and 20, no vehicle or person shall be admitted to any nature reserve if the maximum number of vehicles or persons determined in terms of subregulation (1) has already been admitted to such nature reserve.
- 10.(1) The Director may direct that admission to a nature reserve shall be limited to persons in vehicles or in certain classes of vehicles or to pedestrians.
(2) A direction contemplated by subregulation (1) shall be notified by means of a notice on a notice board at every entrance gate to the nature reserve and such notice shall be displayed for as long as such direction remains of force.
(3) Subject to the provisions of regulations 3 (2), 8 and 20, no person may—
 - (a) enter a nature reserve in respect of which admission has been limited in terms of subsection (1) in a manner other than that directed in terms of subregulation (1), or
 - (b) except at places set aside for this purpose by the Department, leave a vehicle at any place in a nature reserve.
11. Subject to the provisions of section 14 of the Ordinance and regulations 3 (2) and 12, no person may, in a nature reserve-
 - (a) kindle a fire or set anything alight at any place other than that which has been set aside by the Department for that purpose;

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- (b) leave any fire which he has kindled or thing which he has set alight or of which he has made use without completely extinguishing such fire or the embers thereof;
- (c) throw a burning or smouldering object away or out of a vehicle;
- (d) throw away, deposit or leave any thing except in a container provided by the Department;
- (e) relieve himself, except in sanitary conveniences provided by the Department;
- (f) drive any vehicle or cause or permit it to be driven at a speed in excess of fifty kilometres per hour or of such lower speed as may be indicated on notice boards erected by the Department;
- (g) travel with a vehicle elsewhere than on a road constructed by the Department;
- (h) catch fish in any inland waters at any place other than that which has been set aside by the Department for that purpose;
- (i) wash himself or clean anything in inland waters;
- (j) in any manner pollute inland waters or throw anything therein;
- (k) swim in inland waters at any place other than that which has been set aside by the Department for that purpose;
- (l) do anything which, in the opinion of any official, may be a source of annoyance, inconvenience, disturbance, discomfort, nuisance, interference or hindrance to any person in such nature reserve or which could give offence to any person in such nature reserve;
- (m) break, damage, destroy or disfigure anything of historical or scientific importance in such nature reserve;
- (n) break, damage, destroy or disfigure anything, whether movable or immovable, of which the management and control is vested in the Administration;
- (o) injure, disturb or feed or attempt to injure, disturb or feed any fauna;
- (p) break, damage, destroy or disfigure any egg, or nest or remove any egg from a nest, or
- (q) use any craft on inland waters at any place other than that which has been set aside by the Department for that purpose.

12. No person may, on inland waters in a nature reserve—

- (a) launch or use any craft, unless such craft is fitted with sufficient life-saving apparatus for every person being transported by means of such craft;
- (b) control or steer a motor boat, unless he is at least sixteen years of age;
- (c) use any craft in a negligent or reckless manner, or
- (c) ski, unless he is wearing a life belt.

13.(1) The holder of a permit granted in terms of section 14 of the Ordinance—

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- (a) shall, on arrival at the nature reserve concerned, display such permit to the control official, and
 - (b) may hunt wild animals only in the presence, under the supervision and control and in accordance with the directions of an official.
- (2) The holder of a permit granted in terms of section 14 of the Ordinance may not remove any flora or carcass which has been plucked or hunted in a nature reserve in terms of such permit from such nature reserve unless the control official has—
 - (a) inspected such flora or carcass and, if such control official considers it necessary or desirable, has measured the dimensions or mass thereof or has taken samples thereof, and
 - (b) in writing authorised such holder to remove such flora or carcass.
- 14.(1) The Director may in writing authorise the holder of a permit granted in terms of regulation 3 (2) to take, collect, pluck, kill or be in possession of or remove anything of historical or scientific importance in or from a nature reserve for conservation or scientific purposes.
- (2) No person may take, collect, pluck, kill or be in possession of or remove anything of historical or scientific importance in or from a nature reserve unless he is the holder of a written authority contemplated by subregulation (1).
- 15. Subject to the provisions of regulations 13 (2) (b), 14 (1) and 17 (2), no person may remove any living or dead fauna or flora or any egg or nest from a nature reserve. (Amended by PN 153/1984).
- 16.(1) Subject to the provisions of subregulation (2), no person may bring or be in possession of any weapon, explosive, trap, poison or living or dead fauna or flora into or in a nature reserve.
- (2) The provisions of subregulation (1) in so far as they relate to the bringing into or being in possession of any weapon, explosive, trap or poison and the being in possession of living or dead fauna or flora in a nature reserve shall not apply to a person who is the holder of a permit issued in terms of section 14 of the Ordinance or regulation 3 (2) or of a written authority issued in terms of regulation 14 (1) or 17 (2).
- 17.(1) The Director may supply or sell fauna or flora which are found, cultivated or bred in a nature reserve, whether alive or dead, to local nature reserves, State institutions and State departments or may sell or exchange such fauna or flora to or with the public or private nature reserves.
- (2) No person may remove any fauna or flora obtained in terms of subregulation (1) from the nature reserve concerned unless the control official has in writing authorised the removal thereof.
- 18.(1) No person may bring or drive any dog, cat or other pet or livestock into a nature reserve or allow such dog, cat or other pet or livestock to enter a nature reserve.

- (2) In any prosecution under this regulation it shall be presumed, unless the contrary is proved, that any dog, cat or other pet or livestock found in a nature reserve was brought or driven into such nature reserve by the owner thereof or a person under the control of such owner or that such owner or such other person allowed such dog, cat or other pet or livestock to enter such nature reserve.
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation—
 - (a) “cattle” means a bull, cow, ox, heifer, steer or calf;
 - (b) “horse” means a stallion, mare, gelding, colt, filly, donkey or mule;
 - (c) “sheep” means a ram, ewe, wether, lamb, he-goat, she-goat, castrated goat or kid, and
 - (d) “livestock” means cattle, horse or sheep.

(Substituted by PN 461/1982).

19. Every written authority referred to in regulations 13 (2) (b), 14 (1) and 17 (2) shall contain- (Amended by PN 153/1984)
 - (a) the full name and residential address of the person to whom such authority is granted;
 - (b) a reference to the regulation whereunder such authority is granted;
 - (c) a reference to the species and number or mass of the fauna or flora or the name or description of anything else and the number thereof in respect of which such authority is granted;
 - (d) a reference to the name of the nature reserve from which the fauna, flora or other thing may be removed;
 - (e) a reference to the date or period in respect of which such authority is granted;
 - (f) a statement that the holder thereof is authorised to take, collect, pluck or kill or be in possession of or to remove in or from the nature reserve concerned, as the case may be, the fauna, flora or anything else to which such authority relates, and
 - (g) the signature and a reference to the rank of the official who issues such authority.
20. The provisions of these regulations shall not prohibit an official from exercising, performing or complying with any power, function or duty conferred or imposed on him in terms of the provisions of the Ordinance or these regulations in a nature reserve.
- 21.(1) An official may require any person in a nature reserve to display to such official the entrance ticket or any permit or written authority or approval issued in terms of the Ordinance or these regulations to such person.
 - (2) Any person contemplated by subregulation (1) shall display the required entrance ticket, permit or written authority or approval forthwith to the official concerned.

- 22.(1) Any control official may, if he is of opinion that any person has contravened or failed to comply with any provision of the Ordinance or of regulation 11 (1), order such person to leave the nature reserve.
- (2) Any person who has been ordered under subregulation (1) to leave a nature reserve, shall forthwith leave it by the shortest route available to the public.
- (3) No person who has, under subregulation (1), been ordered to leave a nature reserve may enter any nature reserve during the period of six months immediately succeeding the relevant order contemplated by subregulation (1) unless—
- (a) the Director has authorised him thereto in writing, or
 - (b) such person has not, within three months of being so ordered, been prosecuted for the offence which, in the opinion of the control official, he committed or has, in a prosecution for such offence, been found not guilty.

PART III: WILD ANIMALS

- 23.(1) Subject to the provisions of section 31 (1) of the Ordinance and of regulations 34 and 35, no person may keep any wild animal in captivity unless such animal—
- (a) is regularly supplied with sufficient food;
 - (b) is at all times supplied with drinking water and daily with fresh drinking water;
 - (c) is supplied with sufficient water in which to wash or bathe;
 - (d) is supplied with sleeping facilities, and
 - (e) is kept in a cage—
 - (i) which is ventilated;
 - (ii) which provides protection against heat, cold and rain;
 - (iii) which permits light to enter, and
 - (iv) which is cleaned at least once per day.
- (2) The food and water contemplated by subregulation (1) shall be supplied in such holders, manner and form that it can be ingested by the wild animal concerned.
- (3) The provisions of subregulation (1) shall not be applied in a manner other than in accordance with the manner in which the wild animal concerned lives in a free state of nature.
- 24.(1) Subject to the provisions of subregulations (3) and (4) and regulations 27, 28, 29, 31, 34 and 35, no person may keep one or more wild animal or animals in a cage which is smaller than the minimum cage size referred to in subregulation (2) in respect of the number and category of wild animals similarly referred to under which such firstmentioned wild animal or animals are classified.
- (2) The minimum cage sizes and categories of wild animals contemplated by subregulation (1) are—

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Category	Minimum Cage Size		Maximum number of wild animals per minimum size cage	Minimum additional space for every wild animal in excess of the maximum number of wild animals per minimum size cage
	Area	Volume		
(a) Primates (Vervang deur P 153/1984).				
(i) up to and including 500g	3 m ²	5 m ³	4	0.6m ²
(ii) over 500 g to and including 2 kg	3 m ²	8 m ³	4	0.6m ²
(iii) over 2 kg to and including 5 kg	3 m ²	19 m ³	4	0.6m ²
(iv) over 5 kg up to and including 10 kg	10	50m ³	4	2m ²
(v) over 10 kg up to and including 50 kg	20	100m ³	2	2m ²
(vi) over 50 kg	70	500 ³	2	7m ²
(b) Cats over 50 kg	400	-	1	400m ²
(c) Ungulates—				
(i) up to and including 150 kg	2 500m ²	-	4	250m ²
(ii) over 150 kg	1ha	-	4	1000m ²
(d) Flying or gliding mammals				
(i) up to and including 150 g	1	1m ³	2	0.2m ²
(ii) over 150 g to and including 2 kg	10	2m ³	2	2m ²
(iii) over 2 kg	50	150m ³	2	10m ²
(e) Dolphins and porpoises	200 water(Main pool: 150m ² shortest measurement 7.5m Holding pool: 30m ² shortest measurement 3m Quarantine pool: 20m ²)	470m ³ water (Main pool: 375m ³ depth 2.5m Holding pool: 75m ³ depth 2.5m Quarantine pool: 20m ³ depth 1m)	3	40m ² water
(f) Dugongs	150m ²	375m ³	2	30m ² water
(g) Seals and Sea-lions				
(i) up to and including 500 kg	150m ² water 50m ² land	375m ³	4	15m ² water 5m ² land
(ii) over 500 kg	150m ² water 50m ² land	375m ³	2	30m ² water 10m ² land
(h) Sea Otters	50m ² water 10m ² land	100m ³	4	5m ² water 1m ² land
(i) Mammals other than those referred to in subparagraphs (a) to and including (h), except whales				
(i) up to and including 500 g	1m ²	1m ³	4	0.1m ²
(ii) over 500 g to and including 5 kg	5m ²	10m ³	4	0.5m ²
(iii) over 5 kg to and including 25 kg	20m ²	50m ³	2	2m ²
(iv) over 25 kg	100m ²	500m ³	2	10m ²

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(j)	Birds capable of flight				
(i)	up to and including 50 g	-	3m ³	15	0.2m ³
(ii)	over 50 g to and including 500 g	-	7m ³	15	0.5m ³
(iii)	over 500 g to and including 2 kg	-	10m ³	2	5m ³
(iv)	over 2 kg	-	100m ³	2	250m ³
(k)	Flightless birds				
(i)	up to and including 1 kg	3m ²	-	2	0.3m ²
(ii)	over 1 kg to and including 10 kg	20m ²	-	2	2m ²
(iii)	over 10 kg	2 500m ²	-	2	250 ²
(l)	Reptiele (Toegevoeg by PK 147/1987)				
(i)	Crocodiles				
(aa)	up to and including 1 kg	1m ²	1m ³	2	0.1m ²
(bb)	over 1 kg up to and including 50 kg	10m ²	10m ³	2	1m ²
(cc)	over 50 kg	25m ²	75m ³	2	2.5m ²
(ii)	Tortoises, terrapins and turtles				
(aa)	up to and including 300 g	1m ²	0.2m ³	1	1m ²
(bb)	over 300 g up to and including 1 kg	2m ²	0.6m ³	1	2m ²
(cc)	over 1 kg	6m ²	3m ³	1	6m ²
(iii)	Lizards				
(aa)	up to and including 200 mm	0.25m ² Length: 500mm	0.125m ³ Height: 500mm	2	0.05m ²
(bb)	over 200 mm up to and including 300 mm	0.35m ² Length: 700mm	0.175m ³ Hoogte: 500mm	1	0.15m ²
(cc)	over 300 mm up to and including 750 mm	2.25m ² Length: 1.5m	2.25m ³ Height: 1.5m	1	1.2m ²
(dd)	over 750 mm	9m ² Length: 3m	13.5m ³ Height: 1.5m	1	3m ²
(iv)	Snakes				
(aa)	up to and including 500 mm	0.18m ² Length: 600mm	0.054m ³ Height: 300mm	2	0.09m ²
(bb)	over 500 mm up to and including 1 m	0.32m ² Length: 800mm	0.128m ³ Hoogte: 400mm	1	0.32m ²
(cc)	over 1 m up to and including 2 m	0.75m ² Length: 1.5m	0.525m ³ Height: 700mm	1	0.75m ²
(dd)	over 2 m	4m ² Length 2m	4m ³ Height: 1m	1	2m ²

[Para. (l) deleted by para. (g) of P.N. 153 of 1984 and reinserted by para. (a) (i) of P.N. 147 of 1987.]

- (3) (Deleted by PN 147/1987).
 - (4) Subject to the provisions of regulations 28, 29, 31, 34 and 35, no person may keep in captivity different species of wild animals together in one cage unless the total number of wild animals of the different species so kept in such cage does not exceed the maximum number of the largest wild animal of such different species which may, in terms of subregulation (2), be kept in such cage.
25. No person shall trim or cut the wing-tip of a crowned crane (*Balearica regolorum*) or clip the wing or the wing feathers thereof.
- 26.(1) The Director may, in respect of a cage in which a wild animal or animals is or are kept in captivity and to which the provisions of regulation 24 (2) for any reason do not apply, determine the minimum requirements in relation to the size of the cage which shall be provided for such animal or animals.
- (2) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in these regulations, the Director may, by written notice, prohibit the keeping in captivity of any wild animal or animals in a particular cage if he is of opinion that—
- (a) the keeping of such wild animal or animals in such cage is undesirable, or
 - (b) such cage is, by reason of the situation or construction thereof or the manner in which it is used, not suitable for the keeping of such wild animal or animals.
- 27.(1) Subject to the provisions of regulation 30, no person may keep any bear, lion, tiger, leopard, cheetah, hyena, wolf, wild dog, rhinoceros or buffalo in captivity unless the specifications of the cage in which such animal is kept in captivity are approved by the Director.
- (2) The Director may, on submission to him in duplicate of the specifications of a cage in which it is intended to keep a wild animal or animals referred to in subregulation (1), in his discretion and subject to such alterations as he may deem necessary or desirable, in writing approve such specifications.
- (3) The validity of a written approval contemplated by subregulation (2) shall lapse when—
- (a) the cage in respect of which such approval is issued, is no longer used for the keeping of the wild animal or animals so contemplated, or
 - (b) any alteration to the construction or material of such cage (as approved under subregulation (2)) occurs or is made,
- whichever occurs the earliest.
- 28.(1) The Director may, on application by any person who keeps a wild animal indoors, exempt such person, subject to the terms and conditions which the Director may determine, from the provisions of regulation 24 (2); provided that in respect of the keeping indoors by any person of—

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- (a) not more than two budgerigars (*Melopsittacus undulatus*) or not more than two exotic canaries (*Serinus spp.*) or not more than one of each of such species of bird per cage of at least 0,03 m³;
- (b) not more than one cockatiel (*Nymphicus hollandicus*) or not more than one Indian ring-neck parakeet (*Psittacula krameri manillensis*) per cage of at least 0,07 m³;
- (c) not more than one exotic parrot except budgerigars, cockatiels and Indian ring-neck parakeets (exotic parrots of the Order *Psittaciformes* except *Melopsittacus undulatus*, *Nymphicus hollandicus* and *Psittacula krameri manillensis*) per cage of at least 0,12 m³, and
- (d) guinea-fowl (*Numididae*) in cages which are suitable for poultry-farming,

such person shall be deemed to have so applied and the Director shall be deemed to have so granted exemption from the provisions of regulation 24 (2) (j). (Substituted by PN 147/1987).

- (2) The application contemplated by subregulation (1) shall be made within thirty days of the date on which the wild animal concerned was acquired or obtained. (Substituted by PN 147/1987).
- (3) The application contemplated by subregulation (1) shall contain full details relating to—
 - (a) the species and, if it is possible to distinguish the sex, the sex of every wild animal in respect of which application is made;
 - (b) the number of wild animals in respect of which application is made;
 - (c) the dimensions of the cage in which the wild animal will be kept indoors;
 - (d) the facilities for exercise which the wild animal will enjoy, and
 - (e) the reason why the wild animal cannot be kept in a cage of the minimum size contemplated by regulation 24 (2).
- (4) The Director may, on receipt of an application in terms of subregulation (1), request such further information as he may desire in order to consider such application.
- (5) An exemption in terms of this regulation shall be valid for twelve months from the date of issue thereof.

29. Subject to the provisions of regulation 31 (2) (a), the provisions of regulation 24 shall not apply to any person who—

- (a) keeps fifty or more species of wild animals, of which not more than twenty species are birds, in captivity, and
- (b) is the holder of a licence issued under the Performing Animals Protection Act, 1935 (Act 24 of 1935).

30. Subject to the provisions of regulation 31 (2) (b), the provisions of regulation 27 shall not apply to any person who is the owner of a circus and is the holder of a licence issued under the Performing Animals Protection Act, 1935 (Act 24 of 1935).

- 31.(1) Subject to the provisions of subregulation (2), the provisions of regulation 24 shall not apply to any person who is the owner of—
- (a) a circus and is the holder of a licence issued under the Performing Animals Protection Act, 1935 (Act 24 of 1935), or
 - (b) a pet shop and is the holder of the applicable licence issued in respect of such shop under the Registration and Licensing of Businesses Ordinance, 1953 (Ordinance 15 of 1953).
- (2) The Director may—
- (a) direct any person referred to in subregulation (1) and regulation 29 to enlarge, within a reasonable period determined by the Director, any cage in which such person is keeping a wild animal to an area and volume which the Director considers necessary or desirable for the welfare of such wild animal but not exceeding the minimum area and volume prescribed by regulation 24 (2) in respect of such wild animal, or
 - (b) direct any person referred to in regulation 30 to strengthen, within a reasonable period determined by the Director and in accordance with the specifications which the Director considers necessary or desirable, any cage in which such person is keeping a wild animal referred to in regulation 27 (1) in order to ensure that such wild animal cannot escape.
32. Any cage or other means of transport and any tunnel, passage or thoroughfare between an arena and any cage or means of transport or between any cage or means of transport, and any other cage or means of transport which is used by any person for the purpose of transporting, keeping, displaying to the public or allowing to appear before the public any primate with a mass exceeding 5 kg, bear, tiger, lion, leopard, cheetah, hyena, wolf or wild dog, shall be closed on the outside with diamond mesh wire of which the mesh size is such that none of the said animals is able to extrude its mouth or paw through such wire and no person is able to insert his hand through such wire and which is sufficiently strong to prevent any one of the said animals from forcing its mouth or paw through such wire; provided that the foregoing provisions shall not apply to any cage, means of transport, tunnel, passage or thoroughfare—
- (a) of which the construction is such that none of the said animals is able to extrude its mouth or paw through it and no person is able to insert his hand through it;
 - (b) which, in consequence of the erection of a buffer in terms of regulation 33 or for any other reason, is inaccessible to any person, or
 - (c) which is used in an arena while any of the abovementioned animals is appearing therein under supervision.
- 33.(1) No person may keep a primate with a mass exceeding 5 kg, bear, lion, tiger, leopard, cheetah, hyena, wolf or wild dog in captivity unless the cage in which such wild animal is kept is fitted with a buffer which complies with the provisions of subregulation (2); provided that the provisions of this subregulation shall not apply in any case where such cage is visited only on the invitation of or with the consent of the owner thereof or where any other barrier exists which prevents any person from reaching any portion of such cage.

- (2) The buffer referred to in subregulation (1) shall—
 - (a) completely enclose the cage;
 - (b) be at least 1,5 m from the cage;
 - (c) be at least 1 m high, and
 - (d) be such that no person can pass through or under it.
- 34.(1) Subject to the provisions of subregulations (2) and (3), the provisions of regulations 23 and 24 (with the exception of the provisions of regulation 24 (2) in so far as they relate to the keeping of dolphins and porpoises in a quarantine pool), shall not apply to a cage in which any wild animal—
- (a) is transported;
 - (b) is displayed at a show;
 - (c) is temporarily kept in captivity after it, due to circumstances beyond the control of the person by whom it is so kept, came into possession of such person, and
 - (d) is kept in captivity during—
 - (i) acclimatisation to new surroundings;
 - (ii) quarantine, or
 - (iii) the erection of or repair to the cage in which such wild animal is or shall be kept in terms of any other regulation.
- (2) The exemption contemplated by—
- (a) subregulation (1) (a) and (b), shall be valid immediately prior to, during and immediately after the relevant transportation or show;
 - (b) subregulation (1) (c) and (d) (iii), shall be valid for not more than fourteen days;
 - (c) subregulation (d) (i), shall be valid for not more than two months, and
 - (d) subregulation (d) (ii), shall be valid for the duration of the quarantine.
- (3) The Director may, if he is of opinion that any cage contemplated by subregulation (1) is not suitable for the purpose for which it is used, in writing direct the person who is keeping a wild animal therein to make the improvements specified by the Director in such direction to such cage within a reasonable period determined by the Director.
35. The provisions of regulations 23 and 24 shall not apply to any person who, with the Director's permission and subject to the terms and conditions imposed by the Director, lawfully keeps wild animals in captivity and uses such animals for scientific purposes.
- 36.(1) Every person who keeps wild animals, except birds which are not endangered or protected wild animals, in captivity shall keep a register in respect of such animals in which he shall—

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- (a) within thirty days of the promulgation of this regulation, make a dated record in relation to—
 - (i) the name of each species, and
 - (ii) the number of each sex of every species, or, if it is impossible to distinguish the sex, the total number of each species,

which is so held, and

- (b) as soon as any change occurs in respect of the species or number of each sex of every species or if it is impossible to distinguish the sex, the total number of every species, keep a dated record in respect of—
 - (i) the name of the species in respect of which such change has occurred;
 - (ii) the number of each sex of every species or, if it is impossible to distinguish the sex, the total number of every species in respect of which such change has occurred;
 - (iii) the cause of the change, and
 - (iv) if such change has occurred in consequence of the purchase, sale, donation or receipt as a donation of wild animals, the name and address of every person who is a party to such purchase, sale, donation or receipt.
- (2) Every record contemplated by subregulation (1) shall be retained for as long as the wild animal in respect of which such record has been made is kept in captivity and, at the termination of such captivity, for the period of two years immediately succeeding such termination.

36. Any person who keeps Cape Parrots (*Poicephalus robustus*) or Knysna loeries (*Turacus corythaix*) in captivity shall, whenever such birds start to hatch, notify the Director thereof in writing.

38. No person shall transport any wild animal by means of a vehicle (hereinafter called the "first vehicle") unless he—

- (a) before such transportation is undertaken, makes arrangements for the use of an alternative vehicle to undertake or complete such transportation if any contingency should occur which would make the undertaking or completion of such transportation by means of the first vehicle impossible or impracticable or would delay it unreasonably;
- (b) transports such animal in a cage which has no projecting part on the inside or, if it has, such projecting part is covered in such a manner that it will not be able to injure such animal;
- (c) transports such wild animal along the shortest practicable route and with as little interruption of the journey as possible, and
- (e) protects such animal during the transportation thereof against extremes in temperature and makes provision for sufficient ventilation in the cage.

- 39.(1) (a) Every owner of land shall keep a register in respect of the sale or alienation (in whatever manner) of the carcass of any protected wild animal which has been killed on his land in terms of the provisions of the Ordinance and shall, immediately after such sale or alienation, enter or cause to be entered in such register—
- (i) the date of every such sale or alienation;
 - (ii) the full name and address of the person to whom such carcass was sold or alienated or the full name and address of the public or municipal market or registered business where each such sale or alienation occurred, as the case may be;
 - (iii) the species of wild animal of which the carcass was sold or alienated, and
 - (iv) the number of carcasses of each sex of every species of wild animal, or if it is impossible to distinguish the sex, the total number of every such species which has been sold or alienated;

provided that the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in respect of the sale or alienation of the carcass of a protected wild animal to the holder of a permit or licence or a written permission contemplated by sections 27 and 39 of the Ordinance, respectively.

- (b) Every owner of land contemplated by paragraph (a) shall not later than the thirty-first day of January in each year, furnish the Director with a return in clearly legible form of the entries so contemplated in respect of the period from the first day of January up to and including the thirty-first day of December of the immediately preceding year.
- (2) (a) The marketmaster at a public or municipal market and the holder of a licence issued under the Registration and Licensing of Business Ordinance, 1953 (Ordinance 15 of 1953), authorising such holder to sell or alienate a carcass shall keep an invoice book in which he shall, immediately after the sale or alienation of any carcass, record or cause to be recorded in duplicate—
- (i) the date on which such sale or alienation occurred;
 - (ii) the name and business address of such marketmaster or holder;
 - (iii) the name and address of the purchaser or recipient;
 - (iv) the species of wild animal of which the carcass has been sold or alienated, and
 - (v) the number of carcasses and the mass of every such carcass so sold or alienated.
- (b) A marketmaster or licence holder contemplated by paragraph (a) shall, immediately after the making thereof, deliver the original invoice so contemplated to the purchaser or recipient of the carcass and shall retain the copy for the period of twelve months from the date contemplated by paragraph (a) (i).
 - (c) Any person to whom an original invoice has been delivered in terms of subparagraph (b) shall retain it for the period during which the carcass to which it relates is in his possession or for a period of two months from the date contemplated by paragraph (a) (i), whichever is the longer.

- 40.(1) An application for a licence to hunt protected wild animals shall be submitted on form N5 to the Director, the receiver of revenue or a person authorised by the Director to issue such licence.
- (2) On receipt of the application form contemplated by subregulation (1) and payment of the fee prescribed by regulation 41, the Director, the receiver of revenue or a person authorised by the Director to issue such licence shall issue a licence to hunt protected wild animals on the prescribed form to the applicant.
- (3) The receiver of revenue or a person authorised by the Director to issue such licence shall keep the duplicate of every hunting licence which he issued in terms of subregulation (2) and shall forward such duplicate at the end of every calendar month to the Director.
- (4) The holder of a hunting licence shall, before hunting thereunder, sign such licence in the space provided for that purpose. (Substituted by PN 147/1987).
41. The fee payable for a licence to hunt protected wild animals shall be R20. (Substituted by PN 147/1987).
42. No owner of land in an area in which the application of section 29 (1) of the Ordinance has been suspended by proclamation under section 79 (b) of the Ordinance may permit the use of more than eight dogs over the age of one year and four dogs under the age of one year in any particular hunt on such land.
- 42A. No person shall feed any wild animal on a public road or on the land on either side of such road within a distance of 90 m from the centre of such road; provided that the provisions of this regulation shall not apply to—
- (a) the feeding of any wild animal on a vehicle on or within a distance of 90 m from the centre of a public road by the person in charge of such animal while such animal is legally transported, or
- (b) the feeding of any wild animal by the owner of land on land owned by him. (Substituted by PN 153/1984).

PART IV: FISH IN INLAND WATERS

- 43.(1) No person shall, in inland waters, catch any female giant crab (*Scylla serrata*) which is in berry.
- (2) The provisions of this regulation shall be deemed not to have been contravened if any person inadvertently, in inland waters, catches a female giant crab which is in berry and forthwith replaces it into such waters with as little injury as possible.
- 44.(1) Subject to the provisions of section 61 of the Ordinance, regulation 43 and subregulations (4) and (5), no person shall in inland waters catch any fish, oyster or giant crab of a species referred to in subregulation (2), if such fish, oyster or

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giant crab, when measured in the manner provided by subregulation (3), is of a lesser length, diameter or breadth than the length, diameter or breadth determined in respect thereof by subregulation (2).

(2) The length, diameter or breadth contemplated by subregulation (1), is—

Certain common names	Scientific name	Minimum length, diameter or breath in millimetres
(a) Sly bream, river bream	<i>Acanthopagrus berda</i>	200 length
(b) Geelbek	<i>Atractoscion aequidens</i>	400 length
(c) Yellow fish	<i>Barbus capensis</i>	400 length
(d) Yellow fish	<i>Barbus kimberleyensis</i>	300 length
(e) Oysters	<i>Crassostrea cucullata</i> , <i>C. margaritacea</i> , <i>Ostrea otherstonei</i> <i>O. algoensis</i> en <i>Pinicata capensis</i>	50 diameter
(f) Blacktail, dassie	<i>Diplodus aargus</i>	200 length
(g) Elops, skipjack	<i>Elops machnata</i>	200 length
(h) Garrick	<i>Hypacanthus amis</i>	400 length
(i) Kabeljou, cob	<i>Johnius hololepidotus</i>	400 length
(j) White steenbras	<i>Lithognathus spp.</i>	300 length
(k) River roman	<i>Litianus argentimaculatus</i>	300 length
(l) Black bass	Genus <i>Micropterus</i>	250 length
(m) Mullet and springers	Familie <i>Mugillidae</i>	250 length
(n) Spotted grunter, tiger	<i>Pomadasys commersonni</i>	300 length
(o) Shad	<i>Pomatomus saltator</i>	300 length
(p) White stumpnose	<i>Rhabdosargus globiceps</i>	200 length
(q) Stumpnose, flatty	<i>Rhabdosargus holubi</i> en <i>R. sarba</i>	200 length
(r) Trout	Genus <i>Saalmo</i> en Genus <i>Salvelinus</i>	230 length

(s)	Bamboo fish	<i>Sarpa salpa</i>	200 length
(t)	Baardman	<i>Sciaena capensis</i>	400 length
(u)	Giant crab	<i>Scylla serrata</i>	100 breedte

- (3) (a) Any length referred to in subregulation (2), shall be measured in a straight line along the side of the fish from the furthestmost point of the nose to the furthestmost point of the tail thereof.
- (b) The diameter referred to in subregulation (2) (e), shall be measured by means of a ring of which the diameter (inside measurement) is 50 millimetres and any oyster which can in any manner be passed through such ring, shall be deemed to have a diameter less than the diameter determined by subregulation (2) (e).
- (c) The breadth referred to in subregulation 2 (u), shall be measured in a straight line across the broadest part of the back of the giant crab.
- (4) The provisions of this regulation shall be deemed not to have been contravened if any person inadvertently, in inland waters, catches any fish, oyster or giant crab referred to in subregulation (2) of a length, diameter or breadth which is less than the length, diameter or breadth determined in respect thereof by subregulation (2) and forthwith replaces such fish, oyster or giant crab into such waters with as little injury as possible.
- (5) No person shall catch more than ten fish per day—
- (a) of any species contemplated by subregulation (2), except the species referred to in subregulation 2 (c), (d), (e), (r) and (u), and
- (b) of a length less than the length determined in respect of such fish by subregulation (2),
- as bait for angling purposes in inland waters.

45.(1) An application for a licence to—

- (a) angle or to use a cast-net in any inland waters, or
- (b) use a fyke-net, crab-net, staked or trek-net in any inland waters

shall be submitted, in the case contemplated by—

- (i) paragraph (a), on form N5 to the Director, the receiver of revenue or a person authorised by the Director to issue such licence, and
- (ii) paragraph (b), on form N30 to the Director.

(2) On receipt of the application form contemplated by—

- (a) subregulation (1) (a) and payment of the fees prescribed by regulation 46, the Director, the receiver of revenue or a person authorised by the Director

to issue such licence shall issue the relevant licence on the prescribed form to the applicant, and

(b) subregulation (1) (b) and payment of the fees prescribed by regulation 46, the Director may in his discretion and subject to the conditions which he deems desirable or necessary issue the relevant licence on the prescribed form to the applicant.

(3) The receiver of revenue or a person authorised by the Director to issue such licence shall keep the duplicate of every angling licence or cast-net licence which he issued in terms of subregulation (2) (a) and shall forward such duplicate at the end of every calendar month to the Director.

(4) Before angling or using any net thereunder, the holder of any licence issued in terms of subregulation (2) shall sign such licence in the space provided for that purpose. (Substituted by PN 147/1987).

46. The fee payable for a licence to—

(a) angle in inland waters shall be R2;

(b) to use a cast-net in inland waters shall be R2;

(c) to use a fyke-net or a crab-net in inland waters shall be R6, and

(d) to use a staked or trek-net in inland waters shall be R15. (Substituted by PN 147/1987).

47.(1) Any person who sells in terms of the Ordinance any crab, prawn, pencil bait, shell bait or worm or any fish which has been caught in terms of the provisions of regulation 44 (5), shall keep an invoice book in which he shall, immediately after every such sale, record or cause to be recorded in duplicate—

(a) the date on which such sale takes place;

(b) his name and address;

(c) the name and address of the purchaser;

(d) the species so sold, and

(e) the number or mass of every species so sold.

(2) The seller shall—

(a) deliver the original invoice contemplated by subregulation (1), to the purchaser, immediately after such invoice has been made, and

(b) retain the copy of such invoice for a period of twelve months from the date contemplated by subregulation (1) (a).

(3) The purchaser shall retain the original invoice referred to in subregulation (2) for so long as he is in possession of any crab, prawn, pencil bait, shell bait or worm or fish to which such invoice relates.

PART V: PROTECTION OF FLORA

- 48.(1) Every registered flora grower who sells protected flora to any registered flora seller and every registered flora seller who sells protected flora to any other registered flora seller shall keep an invoice book in which he shall, immediately after every such sale, record or cause to be recorded in duplicate—
- (a) the date on which such sale takes place;
 - (b) his name and address;
 - (c) the name and address of the purchaser;
 - (d) the species so sold, and
 - (e) the number of mass of every species so sold; provided that, on the sale of bunches of protected flora which have been made up ready for sale to the public as ordered by the purchaser, only the number of such bunches of protected flora may be recorded on such invoice. (Substituted by PN 147/1987).
- (2)The registered flora grower or registered flora seller shall—
- (a) deliver the original invoice contemplated by subregulation (1) to the purchaser immediately after such invoice has been made, and
 - (b) retain the copy of such invoice for a period of twelve months from the date contemplated by subregulation (1) (a).
- (3) The purchaser shall retain the original invoice referred to in subregulation (2) (a) for so long as he is in possession of any flora to which such invoice relates or for a period of two months from the date contemplated by subregulation (1) (a), whichever is the longer period.
- (4) A registered flora grower or a registered flora seller shall not sell any protected flora to any person, except a person referred to in subregulation (1), unless he, when he delivers such protected flora to such person, ties to such protected flora a label on which his name and address have been recorded in clearly legible letters and figures or, where such protected flora grows or is in a container or any other thing, affixes such label to the container or other thing. (Inserted by PN 147/1987).
- (5) No person shall for a period of six months from the date of acquisition of any flora in terms of subregulation (4) remove any label contemplated by that subregulation from any flora or any container or other thing contemplated by the said subregulation or destroy such label while he is in possession of such flora or while such flora grows or is in such container or other thing. (Inserted by PN 147/1987).
49. (Deleted by PN 147/1987).
50. Subject to the provisions of section 65 (2) of the Ordinance, the fee payable for a licence to sell protected flora shall be R20 in respect of each premises. (Substituted by PN 147/1987).

PART VI: PROFESSIONAL HUNTERS AND HUNTING CONTRACTORS

(Substituted by PN 153/1984).

51. For the purposes of this Part—
- (a) **“client”** in relation to—
 - (i) a professional hunter, means a person who is not normally resident in the Republic who is escorted by such hunter for reward, or
 - (ii) a hunting contractor, means a person who is not normally resident in the Republic for whom such contractor for reward organises the hunting of a wild animal;
 - (b) **“Republic”** includes the Territory of South-West Africa and any territory which formerly formed part of the Republic, and
 - (c) **“trophy”** means the carcass of a wild animal hunted by a client which he retains as a memento of his hunting success.
- 52.(1) Any person desiring to obtain a permit to act either as a professional hunter or as a hunting contractor shall apply there for to the Director, on form N.52 and shall furnish the Director with any other information he may require.
- (2) The fee payable for a permit to act either as a professional hunter or a hunting contractor shall be R50; provided that no fee shall be payable by any person who applies for a permit to act either as a professional hunter or as a hunting contractor—
- (a) exclusively on land owned by him, and
 - (b) if he is already the holder of either of the permits contemplated by subregulation (1).
- (3) Upon receipt of an application in terms of subregulation (1) and payment of the fee contemplated by subregulation (2) (if applicable) the Director may, if he is satisfied that the person applying is—
- (a) at least 21 years of age;
 - (b) by virtue of his knowledge, ability, skill and experience, qualified to be issued with the permit applied for, and
 - (c) in the case of an application for a permit to act as a hunting contractor,—
 - (i) a South African citizen or is in possession of a permit as contemplated by section 4 of the Aliens Act, 1937 (Act 1 of 1937), and
 - (ii) able and will be able to maintain satisfactory standards in respect of the provision and rendering of the services contemplated by regulation 53,
- subject to such conditions and restrictions as he may deem necessary, issue the permit applied for on either form N.53 or form N.54, as the case may be.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of section 75 of the Ordinance, a permit issued in terms of subregulation (3) shall be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issue thereof.

53. A hunting contractor shall—
- (a) be able and equipped to provide and render the following facilities and services to his client:—
 - (i) the escorting services of a professional hunter;
 - (ii) hunting, skinning, handling and despatch services;
 - (iii) accommodation, storage, washing and sanitary conveniences;
 - (iv) catering;
 - (v) transport;
 - (vi) cleaning and refuse removal services;
 - (vii) first-aid and fire-fighting services, and
 - (viii) staff services, and
 - (b) obtain the necessary licence, permit, document or permission for his client to—
 - (i) hunt a wild animal, and
 - (ii) convey or export trophies in or from the Province.
54. The Director or a person appointed in terms of regulation 55 may examine, re-examine, evaluate or re-evaluate the standards, knowledge, ability, skill and experience of a person applying for or a holder of a permit to act either as a professional hunter or as a hunting contractor and, in the case of the lastmentioned type of permit, such person's or such holder's ability to provide and render the facilities and services contemplated by regulation 53.
- 55.(1) The Director may appoint as many persons as he may deem necessary, who in his opinion are competent to examine, re-examine, evaluate or re-evaluate as contemplated by regulation 54, and to report to him thereon.
- (2) A person appointed in terms of subregulation (1), who is not an officer, official or employee of the State or the Administration, may be paid such remuneration and such allowances as the Administrator may from time to time determine out of moneys appropriated by the Provincial Council for that purpose.
 - (4) The Director may at any time terminate the appointment of any person appointed in terms of subregulation (1).
- 56.(1) A hunting contractor shall, before the commencement of the provision or rendering of any facility or service to a client, conclude a written remuneration agreement in duplicate with the client and shall, thereafter, whensoever the provision or rendering of any additional facility or service or other amendment is agreed upon, in a similar manner conclude such an agreement with the client or make appropriate identical alterations on both copies of such agreement or any other agreement, as the case may be, and both copies of such agreement or any other agreement and any alterations on such copies shall be signed and dated by such contractor and such client and such agreement or agreements shall contain the following particulars:—

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- (a) the name and business address of such contractor;
 - (b) the name and permanent postal address of such client;
 - (c) the name and business address of the professional hunter who will escort the client;
 - (d) the address to which he must despatch trophies if this is required by the client;
 - (e) the place and date of commencement and the place and date of termination of the provision and rendering of facilities and services to the client;
 - (f) the facilities and services which will be provided or rendered to the client and the tariff for each facility or service or the daily tariff, and
 - (g) the species and sex of wild animals offered for hunting and the tariff for each wild animal wounded or killed beyond any reasonable doubt whether or not such animal or the carcass of such animal can be located.
- (2) The hunting contractor shall, upon the conclusion of a remuneration agreement as contemplated by subregulation (1), retain the original copy of such agreement and deliver the copy thereof to the client.
- (4) A hunting contractor shall not be entitled to claim remuneration from a client in respect of anything which is not specified in a remuneration agreement as contemplated by subregulation (1) or to so claim at a tariff other than a tariff specified in such agreement or, unless inconsistent with the terms of such agreement, in respect of anything specified in such agreement which was not actually provided, rendered or delivered to the client.
- 57.(1) A professional hunter shall keep a register, the pages of which shall be permanently bound in quadruplicate (provided that the first three pages of each four pages may be perforated for easy detachment) and numbered consecutively, in which he shall record the following particulars (in quadruplicate) in such a manner that such particulars in respect of not more than one client appear on any one page:—
- (a) his name and business address;
 - (b) the name and permanent postal address of the client;
 - (c) the name and business address of the hunting contractor who organised the hunting for the client;
 - (d) the place where and the date on which his escort service to the client commenced and the place where and the date on which such service terminated;
 - (e) the name of every farm on which he escorted the client and the name and address of the owner of every such farm, and
 - (f) the species, sex and number of wild animals killed or wounded by the client on every farm, the date on which every wild animal was killed or wounded and, in the case of a wild animal with a horn or horns, the length or the estimated length of such horn or horns, as the case may be.
- (2) Any alteration made to any entry in the register contemplated by subregulation (1), shall be identical on all four copies of the record and all four copies on which such

alteration appears shall be signed and dated by the professional hunter and the client concerned.

- (3) Upon the termination of his escort service to a client, the professional hunter and the client concerned shall sign and date the record of particulars in the register contemplated by subregulation (1) and such professional hunter shall detach the first three copies thereof and—
- (a) deliver one copy each to the client concerned and the hunting contractor mentioned in such record, and
 - (b) send one copy by registered post to the Director of Nature and Environmental Conservation, Private Bag 9086, Cape Town, 8000.

58. A professional hunter—

- (a) shall not act as such unless he is in the employ of a hunting contractor or he also acts as a hunting contractor;
- (b) shall not escort more than two clients during the hunting of a wild animal other than a bird;
- (c) shall at all times be present during the hunting of a wild animal by his client and shall supervise the hunting of such wild animal;
- (d) shall do everything within reason to ensure that his client complies with the provisions of the Ordinance and these regulations, and
- (d) who is aware or suspects that his client has contravened any provision of the Ordinance or these regulations, shall, within 24 hours of so becoming aware or so suspecting report the matter to a member of the South African Police Force or to a nature conservation officer.

59. No person shall act as a hunting contractor or offer to act as a hunting contractor unless—

- (a) he is the owner of the land on which he will act as such or, if he is not the owner of such land, he has obtained written permission from the owner of such land to act as such on such land, and
- (b) the species, sex and number of wild animals offered for hunting occur on the land contemplated by paragraph (a) and such wild animals are not kept in captivity.

PART VII: SIGNS

(Inserted by PN 153/1984 and substituted by PN 823/1985).

60.(1) The following signs in respect of certain activities, facilities, animals or things as illustrated in subregulation (3) are hereby prescribed:

- (a) Hiking
- (b) Horseback riding
- (c) Sleeping shelter

- (d) Dam
- (e) Boat launching ramp
- (f) Rowboating
- (g) Sailboating
- (h) Motorboating
- (i) Water-skiing
- (j) Diving
- (k) Swimming
- (l) Angling
- (m) Picknicking area
- (n) Playground
- (o) Tent camping
- (p) Caravan camping
- (q) Shower
- (r) Hunting/Carrying of fire-arms
- (s) Motoring
- (t) Cycling
- (u) Drinking water
- (v) Telephone
- (w) Lookout tower
- (x) Information
- (y) Women's restroom
- (z) Men's restroom
- (aa) Restrooms
- (bb) Smoking
- (cc) Dogs
- (dd) Parking
- (ee) Making of fires
- (ff) Provincial nature reserve
- (gg) Boardsailing
- (hh) Picking of flowers
- (ii) Refuse bin
- (jj) Scuba-diving
- (kk) Snorkeling
- (ll) Buses
- (mm) Off-road vehicles
- (nn) Speargun fishing

- (oo) Scramblers
 - (pp) Jet-ski
 - (qq) Bait collecting
 - (rr) Prohibition
- (2) The prescribed signs contemplated by subregulation (1)—
- (a) may be displayed to indicate that such activities, facilities, animals or things are allowed, available or prohibited at or in the place, area, nature reserve or inland waters where they are displayed;
 - (b) shall be displayed in dark green on a white background in the case where such activities, facilities, animals or things are allowed or are available, and
 - (c) shall be displayed in dark green on a white background with a red boarder and a red diagonal slash through it in the case where such activities, facilities, animals or things are prohibited.
- (3) The illustrations as contemplated by subregulation (1) are (see appendix)
- (4) No person-
- (a) except an officer in the employ of the Department, shall remove any sign which is displayed at any place, and
 - (b) shall cause damage to or tamper with any sign.

PART VIII: GENERAL

(Added by PN 740/1990).

- 61.(1) No person may drive, operate or have any vehicle in any other place than on a public road; provided that the provisions of this regulation shall not apply to the owner of land on which such other place is situated, any relative of such owner or any employee of such owner or any other person acting with thge permission of such owner, or any other person in the execution of his duties.
- (2) Any person found guilty of a contravention of the provisions of subregulation (1) shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rands or to imprisonment not exceeding six months.
- (3) For the purpose of this regulation “public road” means a public road as contemplated in section 2(lvii) of the Ordinance, and includes also a private road.

PART IX: REPEAL

(Added by PN 740/1990)

62. The regulations promulgated under Provincial Notice 892 dated 17 November 1967, as amended by Provincial Notices 261 dated 11 April 1968 and 390 dated 7 June 1968, are hereby repealed.